

	Transcription		Composition			
Year 4	Spelling- Read Write Inc	Handwriting/	Composition: Structure and purpose	Vocabulary, Grammar and Punctuation		
	Follow Read write inc	Letters are consistent in size and proportion with both letters and words evenly spaced.	Pupils can write effectively for a range of purposes.	Pupils write a variety of sentence structure through a range of openings (fronted adverbials, subject reference and speech)		
	Spell most Year 3/4/ words correctly (see appendix)	Letters are joined using diagonal and horizontal strokes where appropriate.	Pupils can write effectively for a range of purposes and audiences drawing on their reading to inform the vocabulary and grammar of their writing	Pupils use a range of conjunctions (subordinating and coordinating) to join sentences with more than one clause Coordinating conjunctions. <i>E.g. but, or,</i> <i>and, so</i> Subordinating <i>e.g. although, after, as,</i> <i>when, if, that,</i> <i>even though, because, until, unless,</i> <i>since</i>		
	Write from memory simple sentences including common exception words and yr4 spellings		Pupils demonstrate features of text type of genre are appropriate for task e.g layout, verb from and formality.	Use different forms which are mostly accurate (present and past progressive, present perfect and ing verbs)		
	Use knowledge of morphology to spell words with the following prefixes dis-, mis-,in-,super-, anti,		Children can organise writing into sections or paragraph in fiction and nonfiction	Capital letters, full tops, questions marks and exclamation marks consistently used accurately		



Spell words using suffixes ation, ly, sure, - tion, sions and ssion	In narrative writing children describe characters, settings and plot. They may use some dialogue to convey character	Inverted commas for direct speech used mostly correctly.
Embed the use of apostrophe for contractions, singular nouns and introduce plurals for possession e.g. girls' shoes	Pupils appropriately use a range of presentational devices including use of titles and subheadings.	Use expanded noun phrases to add detail e.g. The cunning fox with the bushy tail.
Spell a range of homophones and near homophones.	Pupils use fronted adverbials and pronoun to within and between paragraphs Some use of simple adverbials and pronouns to link sentences and sections of paragraph <i>e.g. include when and where the verb happened. As the clock</i> <i>struck midnight, the shadow moved</i> <i>across the graveyard.</i> Pronouns to avoid repttion <i>e.g. Rose</i> <i>kicked the ball and she scored</i>	Commas used to mark fronted adverbials mostly correct
	Evaluate own and others' writing proposing changes to grammar, vocabulary, spelling and punctuation errors.	Identify the correct determiner e.g. a, an, these, those



The /^/ sound spelt ou
Year 4 Special focus 1 The short <i>u</i> sound spelt ou
Prefixes
Year 4 Unit 1 (mis-) Adding the prefix mis -
Year 4 Unit 3 (auto-) Adding the prefix auto-
Year 4 Unit 5 (inter-) Adding the prefix inter-
Year 4 Unit 10 (il-, un-, mis-, dis-) Adding il - and revising un -, in- , mis - and dis
Year 4 Unit 12 (ir-) Adding ir - to words beginning with r
The suffix ly
Year 4 Unit 4 Adding the suffix -ly (to adjectives to form adverbs)
Words with endings sounding like /ʒə/ or /tʃə/
Year 4 Unit 2 Words ending in <i>zhuh</i> spelt - sure
Endings which sound like /ʒən/
Year 4 Unit 9 Words ending in <i>zhun</i> spelt - sion
Suffix -ious
Year 4 Unit 7 Words ending in - ous
Endings which sound like /ʃən/, spelt -tion, -sion, -ssion, -cian
Year 4 Unit 13 Adding the prefix super-
Year 4 Unit 14 Adding the prefix sub-
Words ending with the /g/ sound spelt –gue and the /k/ sound spelt –que (French in origin)
Year 4 Unit 11 The <i>c</i> sound spelt - que and the <i>g</i> sound spelt - gue
Words with the /s/ sound spelt sc (Latin in origin)
Year 4 Unit 8 Words with the <i>s</i> sound spelt sc
Words with the /eɪ/ sound spelt ei, eigh, or ey
Year 4 Unit 6 Words with the <i>ay</i> sound spelt ei , eigh , ey
Possessive apostrophe with plural words



Year 4 Special focus 3 Possessive apostrophes with plural words

Homophones and near homophones Year 4 Special focus 2 Homophones Year 4 Special focus 4 Homophones



Year 3/4 Common Exception Words

	Year	r 3 an	nd 4 C	omm	on Ex	cepti	on We	ords	
Aa	breath	consider	enough	grammar	interest	Nn	perhaps	question	suppose
accident	breathe	continue	exercise	group	island	natural	popular	Rr	surprise
accidentally	build	Dd	experience	guard	Kk	naughty	position	recent	Tt
actual	busy	decide	experiment	guide	knowledge	notice	possess	regular	therefore
actually	business	describe	extreme	Hh	LL	Οο	possession	reign	though
address	Cc	different	Ff	heard	learn	occasion	possible	remember	thought
although	calendar	difficult	famous	heart	length	occasionally	potatoes	Ss	through
answer	caught	disappear	favourite	height	library	often	pressure	sentence	Vv
appear	centre	Ee	February	history	Mm	opposite	probably	separate	various
arrive	century	early	forward	Ii	material	ordinary	promise	special	Ww
Bb	certain	earth	forwards	imagine	medicine	Рр	purpose	straight	weight
believe	circle	eight	fruit	increase	mention	particular	φ q	strange	woman
bicycle	complete	eighth	Gg	important	minute	peculiar	quarter	strength	women
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